

## Warm up

1. Convert from rectangular to polar and give 3 equivalent points.

$$(1, -1)$$

2. Convert from a polar equation to a rectangular equation.

- a.  $r = 5$

- C.  $\theta = -\frac{\pi}{3}$

- b.  $r = 4 \cos \theta$

3. Convert from a rectangular equation to a polar equation.

$$x = 3$$

## 9.7 Graphs of Polar Equations

$$r = 3$$

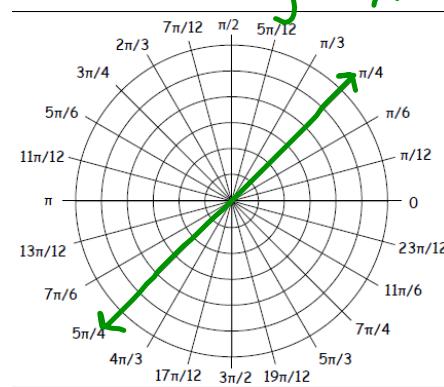
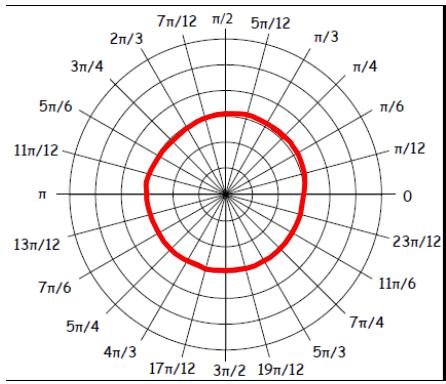
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$\theta :$

$$\tan \theta = \tan \frac{\pi}{4}$$

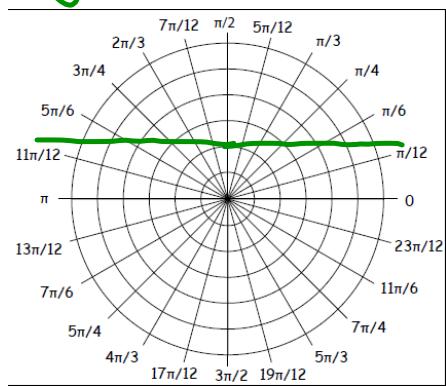
$$\frac{y}{x} = 1$$

$$y = x$$

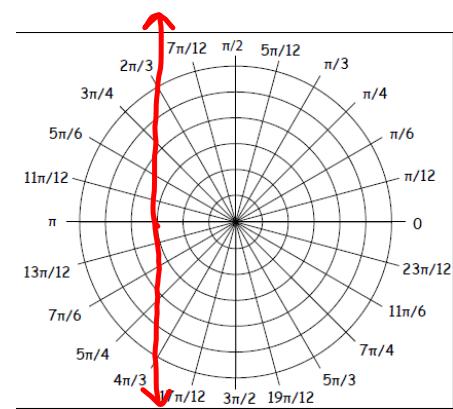


$$r \sin \theta = 2$$

$$y = 2$$



$$r \cos \theta = -3$$



$$r = 4 \sin \theta$$

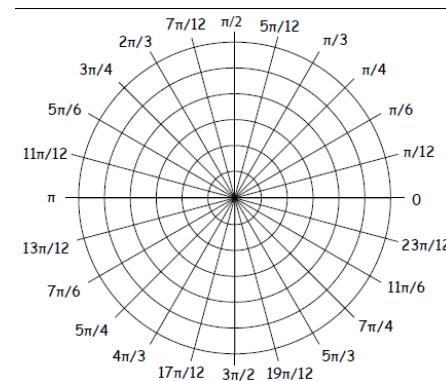
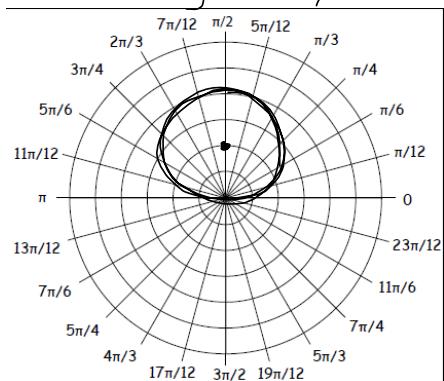
$$r = -2 \cos \theta$$

$$r^2 = 4r \sin \theta$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4y$$

$$x^2 + y^2 - 4y + 4 = 4$$

$$x^2 + (y-2)^2 = 4$$



Homework

p720 #23-26

WB p 138 part 1 # 1-6, 10, 12

sketch and convert to rect algebraically