

## 7.6-7.8 Review with Domain and Range

Grade: 10th, 11th

Subject: Algebra II

**Date: Second Semester** 

1 Answer the following question

Let 
$$f(x) = -4x + 3$$
 and  $g(x) = 3x^2 - 5$ 

Find (f o g) (2)

$$f(g(a)) = f(7) = -4(7) + 3$$

$$g(a) = 3(a)^{2} - 5 = -28 + 3$$

$$= 12 - 5 = 7 = -25$$

2 Let 
$$f(x) = -4x + 3$$
 and  $g(x) = 3x^2 - 5$ 

Find 
$$(g-f)(x)$$

$$3x^{2}-5-(-4x+3) A 3x^{2}-4x-2$$

$$3x^{2}-5+4x-3 B 3x^{2}-4x-8$$

$$3x^{2}+4x-2$$

$$0 3x^{2}+4x-2$$

$$0 3x^{2}+4x-8$$

The domain of:

$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x + 12}$$

$$2 \times 10^{2}$$
 is  $[-6,\infty)$ 

$$\frac{2\times 2^{-1}}{2}$$

$$\times 2^{-6}$$

4 For the function f(x) = x + 10, find  $(f \circ f^{-1})(7)$ 

A 17
$$B - 7 \qquad \left( + \circ f \right) (304)$$

$$C 49 \qquad \left( + \circ f \right) (30)$$

$$D 7$$

E none of the above

5 Find the domain, using interval notation.

$$g(x) = \frac{x+3}{x^2 - 2x - 48} = 0$$

$$(x-8)(x+6) = 0$$

$$(x+6)(x+6) = 0$$

6 Find  $f^{-1}(x)$ . Then state if the inverse is a function.

$$f(x) = (x-3)^{2} + 1$$

$$X = (y-3)^{2} + 1$$

$$\sqrt{X-1} = \sqrt{y-3}$$

$$+\sqrt{X-1} = y$$

$$+\sqrt{X-1} = y$$

$$+\sqrt{X-1} + 3 = y$$

7 Find  $f^{-1}(x)$ . Then state the domain and range of the original function and the inverse function.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x - 8} \ge 0$$

$$R: [0, \infty)$$

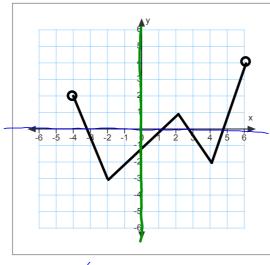
$$X = \sqrt{y - 8}$$

$$X^{2} = y - 8$$

$$X^{2} + 8 = y$$

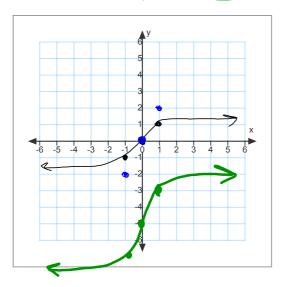
$$R: [8, \infty)$$

8 State the domain and range using interval notation.



9 Graph the following using 3 reference points.

$$h(x) = 2\sqrt[3]{x} (5)$$



10 Graph the following using 3 reference points.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+3} + 4$$

