

## Review 5.1, 5.2,5.4 TEST

### Copy in your notebook

Standard Form of Quadratic Eq.  $y = ax^2+bx+c$  ( $a \neq 0$ )

Axis of Symmetry  $x = -b/2a$

Vertex  $(-b/2a, f(-b/2a))$

Vertex is the lowest or highest point.

Graph pattern (over 1, up/down 'a' times 1, 3, 5, 7)

Find the quadratic equation using a 3x3 system.

Find the vertex on Calculator

All types of factoring (GCF, F and A, Diff of Squares).

## Worksheet Answers

- |                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| 10. $(x+2)(x-2)$   | 38. $(3x+7)(x+3)$  |
| 12. $(x-25)(x-4)$  | 40. $(x-2)(x+36)$  |
| 14. $(3x+1)(3x-1)$ | 42. $3x(x+7)$      |
| 16. $(x+8)(x-8)$   | 44. $(x+6)(x-4)$   |
| 18. $(x+9)(x-9)$   | 46. $(x-14)(x+12)$ |
| 20. $(x+10)(x-10)$ | 48. $(2x-5)(2x+5)$ |
| 22. $(2x+1)(2x-1)$ | 50. $(x+16)(x+1)$  |
| 24. $(3x+2)(3x-2)$ | 52. $(2x+3)(2x+3)$ |
| 26. $(x+9)(x+4)$   | 54. $(3x-2)(3x+2)$ |
| 28. $(x+1)(x+4)$   | 56. $2(x+2)(x-2)$  |
| 30. $(x+5)(x+8)$   | 58. $2(x+7)(x-7)$  |
| 32. $(x+11)(x-1)$  | 60. $(x+14)(x+6)$  |
| 34. $(5x-6)(x+2)$  | 61. $(3x+8)(3x+2)$ |
| 36. $(2x+3)(x+5)$  | 66. $7(x^2+7)$     |
|                    | 72. $(2x-1)(6x+5)$ |
|                    | 73. $(4x+3)(x-2)$  |

FACTOR EACH PROBLEM. Factor out the GCF first, if possible!

$$1) 2x^2 - 50$$

$$2(x^2 - 25)$$

$$2(x+5)(x-5)$$

$$2) x^2 - 10x + 21$$

$$(x-7)(x-3)$$

$$3) \frac{15x^7}{5x} - \frac{5x^5}{5x} + \frac{30x}{5x}$$

$$5x(3x^6 - x^4 + 6)$$

$$4) 12x^2 + 4x - 5$$

5) Find the axis of symmetry and vertex. Then graph.

$$y = 2x^2 + 12x + 19$$

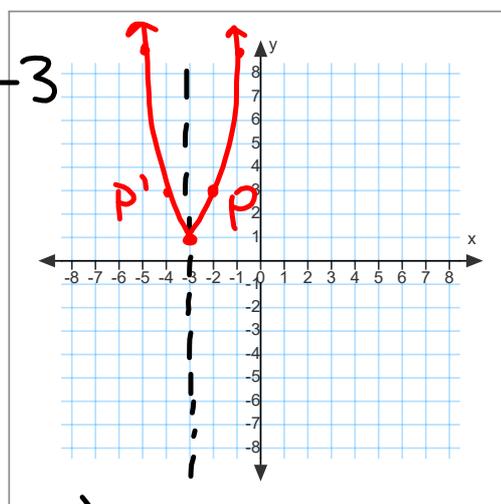
$$\text{AOS: } -\frac{b}{2a} = x \quad -\frac{12}{4} = -3$$

$$f\left(-\frac{b}{2a}\right)$$

$$2(-3)^2 + 12(-3) + 19$$

$$18 - 36 + 19 = 1$$

$$(-3, 1)$$



OV 1 up 1 · 2

OV 1 up 3 · 2

6) Write a quadratic equation for:

$(-1, 3)$   $(2, -3)$   $(3, -1)$

$x$   $y$

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

3 pts

$$3 = a - b + c$$

$$-3 = 4a + 2b + c$$

$$-1 = 9a + 3b + c$$

$$-1 \cdot \textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2}$$

$$-3 = -a + b - c$$

$$-3 = 4a + 2b + c$$

$$\boxed{-6 = 3a + 3b}$$

1 pt

$$-6 = -15a - 3b$$

$$-12 = -12a$$

$$1 \text{ pt } \boxed{a = 1}$$

$$b = -3 \quad c = -1$$

$$-1 \cdot \textcircled{2} + \textcircled{3}$$

$$3 = -4a - 2b - c$$

$$-1 = 9a + 3b + c$$

$$\boxed{2 = 5a + b}$$

1 pt

$(-3)$

$$y = 1x^2 - 3x - 1$$

7) Determine whether the function is quadratic, linear or constant. Identify a, b, and c.

$$y = (3x - 5)^2 - 9x^2$$

$9x^2 + 25$

$$(3x - 5)(3x - 5) - 9x^2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \overset{a}{-2}x^2 - \overset{b}{4}x^2 - \overset{c}{12} \\ -6x^2 \end{array}$$



- 8) Given the equation  $y = -2(x - 6)^2 + 5$ , which of the following statements is not true?
- a. The axis of symmetry is  $x = 6$
  - b. The vertex is  $(6, 5)$
  - c. The y-intercept is  $(0, 5)$ .
  - d. The parabola opens downward.



- 9) A company's profit  $P$  for a product at price  $p$  is represented by  $P = -15p^2 + 150p + 6000$ . Calc OK.

**What is the maximum profit?**



10)

$$y = -(x - 3)^2 + a$$

In the equation above,  $a$  is a constant. The graph of the equation in the  $xy$ -plane is a parabola. Which of the following is true about the parabola?

- A) Its minimum occurs at  $(-3, a)$ .
- B) Its minimum occurs at  $(3, a)$ .
- C) Its maximum occurs at  $(-3, a)$ .
- D) Its maximum occurs at  $(3, a)$ .

GO COUGARS!



## **HW - Review for Test**

WB pg 35-36 #1-7, 9, 11, 12, 21-23

WB pg 37 #5, 9, 11, 23, 33, 35