### WARM UP - Check HW - Rt Triangle Trig WS

1.) x = 78.80 ft

2.) x = 19.7 km

3.) x = 184.3 ft

4.) x = 78.5

5.) pole = 127.2 ft

6.) x = 85.4 ft

7.) Object 2,

8.) x = 30

10.) 302.71 ft

11.) 47.64 ft

12.) height to tower: 96.5 ft distance between cars 182.6 ft

13.) x = 44.7 m

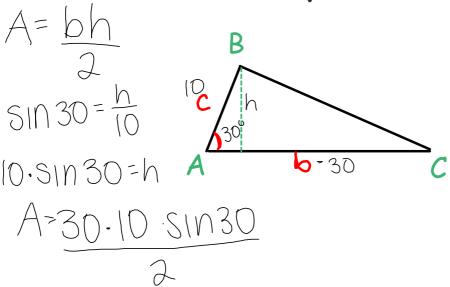
14.) angle of elevation is 30

15.) pole = 45 ft

9.) The sides of the triangle form an isosceles triangle so the angle of elevation is 45

14.4 Area and the Law of Sines

Suppose you want to find the area of this triangle, but you only know m < A and length b and c. How would you find the height?

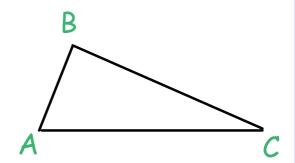


# AREA of a TRIANGLE given SAS

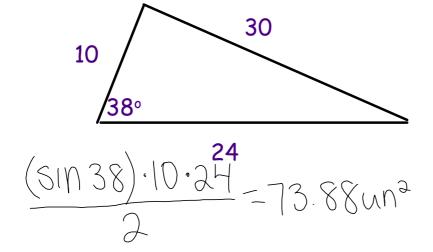
Area = 
$$\frac{bc(\sin A)}{2}$$

or 
$$\frac{ac(\sin B)}{2}$$

or 
$$\frac{ab(\sin C)}{2}$$



4) Find the area of this triangle, to the nearest hundredth.

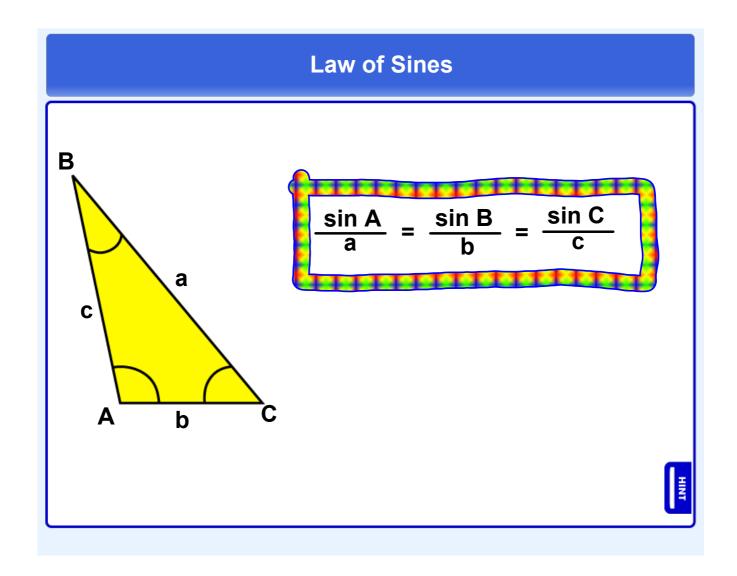


AREA:

## Using the three equations for the area of a triangle we can derive the

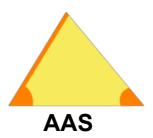
### Law of Sines

$$\frac{bc(\sin A)}{2 \text{ abc}} = \frac{ac(\sin B)}{2 \text{ abc}} = \frac{ab(\sin C)}{2 \text{ abc}}$$





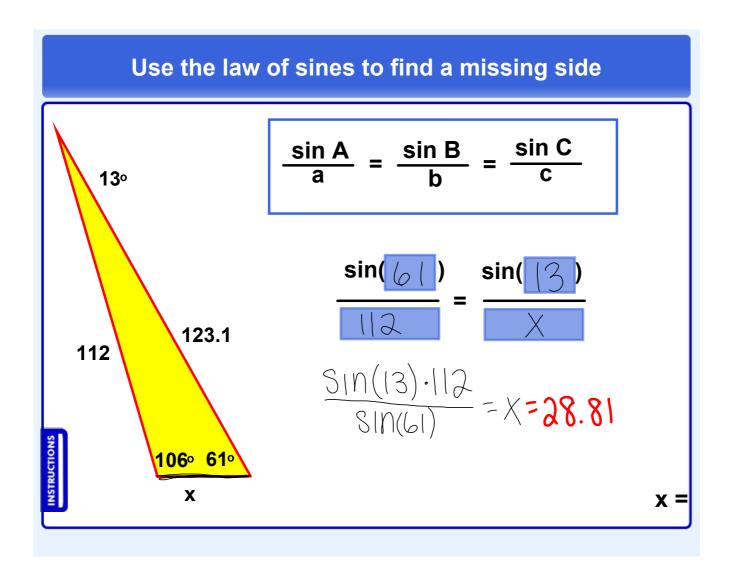
• two angles and a side (AAS or ASA)

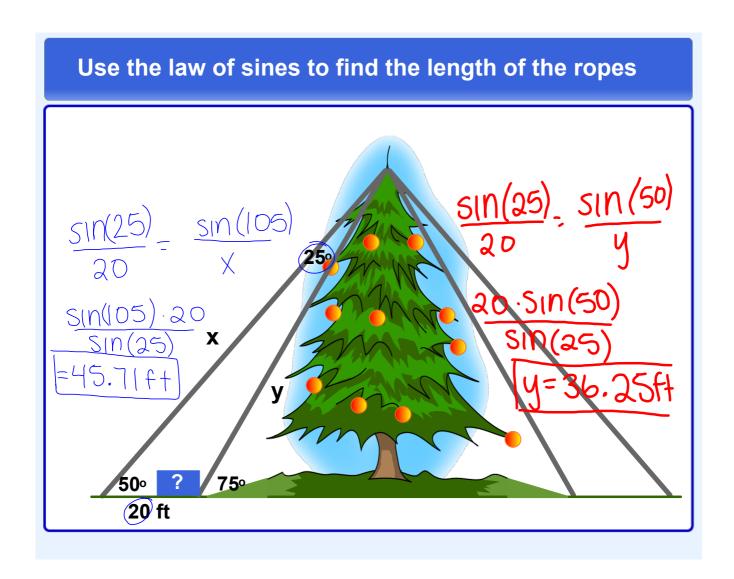


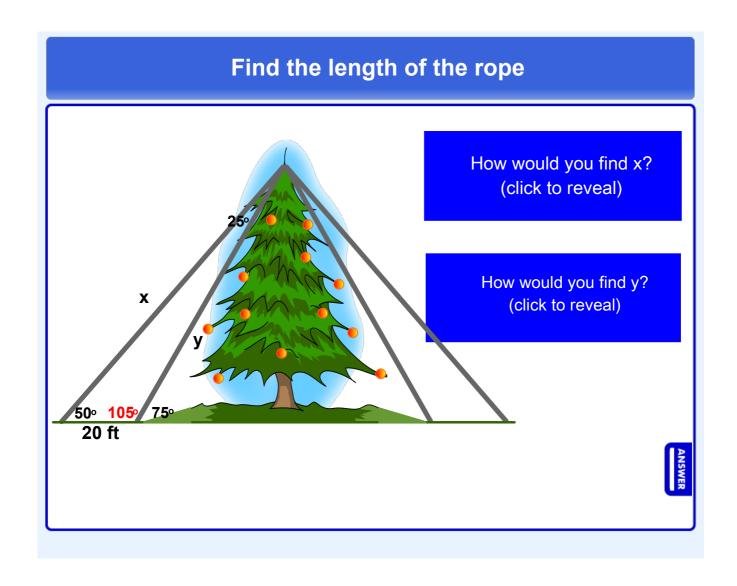


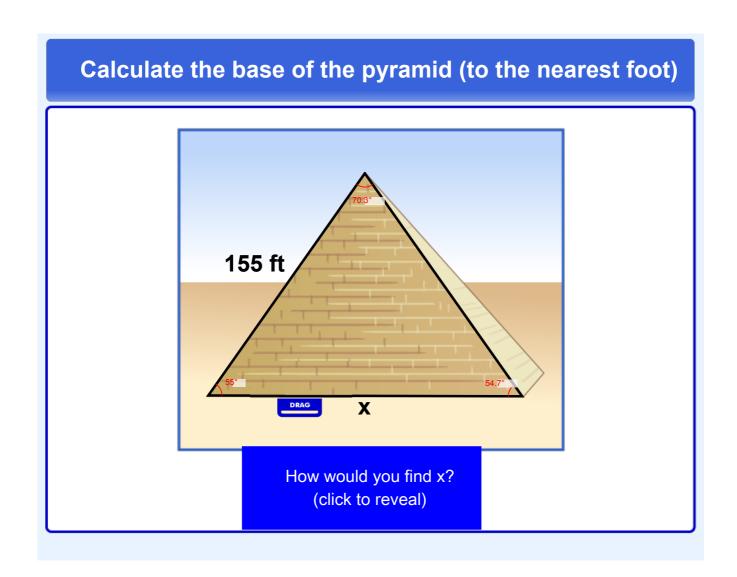
• two sides and a non-included angle (SSA)











# Use the law of sines to find a missing angle $\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$ $\frac{\sin(15)}{8} = \sin(x)$ $\frac{\sin(15) \cdot 8}{3} = \sin(x)$

HW 14.4
p. 803 #1-21 odd and
#27, 29

