

WARM UP Review Trig without a Calculator

Find each trig ratio. (hint - make diagram or the chart!)

$$1) \sin 315^\circ \quad 2) \cos \frac{3\pi}{4} \quad 3) \tan 135^\circ \quad 4) \sin \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

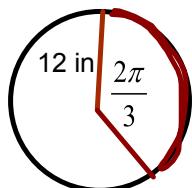
5) Change 200° into radians. $\frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{x}{200}$ $\frac{200\pi}{180} = \frac{10\pi}{9}$

Change $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ into degrees. $\frac{5\pi}{6} = \frac{5\pi/6}{\pi} \cdot 180 = \frac{5\pi}{6} \cdot \frac{180}{\pi} = 150^\circ$

6) Which quadrant am I in?

-145° III
-145° Radians 6 radians

7) Find the arc length in terms of pi.



Radians · Radius
 $\frac{2\pi}{3} \cdot \frac{12}{1}$

$$\frac{24\pi}{3} = 8\pi$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad r^2 + u^2 = 4^2$$

$$u^2 = 15$$

$$u = \sqrt{15}$$

$$\sin U = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4} \csc U = \frac{4}{\sqrt{15}}$$

$$\cos U = \frac{1}{4} \sec U = 4$$

$$\tan U = \sqrt{15} \cot U = \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}}$$

8) In triangle UGH, the right angle is $\angle H$ and $\cos U = 1/4$. Find all 6 trig functions as a fraction. Leave in radical form.

9. Find a positive and

negative co terminal angle.

a) 316°

b) $\frac{7\pi}{12}$

$\begin{array}{r} 316 \\ + 360 \\ \hline 676^\circ \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 360 \\ - 316 \\ \hline -44^\circ \end{array}$

$$\frac{7\pi}{12} + \frac{24\pi}{12}$$

$\begin{array}{r} 31\pi \\ \hline 12 \end{array}$

$$\frac{7\pi}{12} - \frac{24\pi}{12} = \boxed{-\frac{17\pi}{12}}$$

CHECK HW - WB pg. 83

Part 1

3) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

5) $\frac{1}{2}$

7) 1

9) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

17) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

19) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Part 3

3) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

5) $\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}$

9) $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}$

11) $\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}$

13) $\frac{-1}{2}$

15.) -1

17.) $\frac{1}{2}$

19.) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Part 5

1) $30^\circ, 150^\circ \quad \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}$

2) $210^\circ, 330^\circ \quad \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$

3) $60^\circ, 120^\circ \quad \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}$

5) $60^\circ, 300^\circ \quad \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$

6) $210^\circ, 150^\circ \quad \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}$

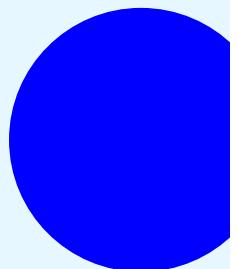
8) $135^\circ, 315^\circ \quad \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$

$$\frac{\pi}{4}$$

Card #	Answer
$\sin 45^\circ$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
$\cos 135^\circ$	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
$\sin 210^\circ$	$-\frac{1}{2}$
$\text{III } -30^\circ$	
$\tan 315^\circ$	-1
$\tan 45^\circ$	1
$\cos 330^\circ$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
$\tan 240^\circ$	$\sqrt{3}$
$\sin 30^\circ$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$\tan \frac{5\pi}{6}$	

Trigonometry Unit

PART II - 13.2 - 13.3
to find angles in degrees and radians given a trig function value



Finding Angles in Degrees

Given the ratio, find the angles in DEGREES.

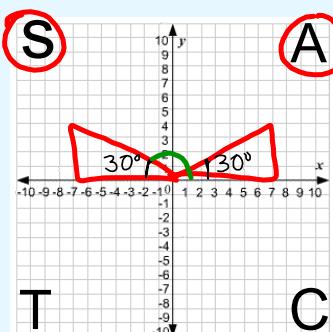
$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$$



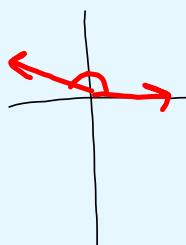
Where is sine positive?

I II

$\sin 150^\circ$



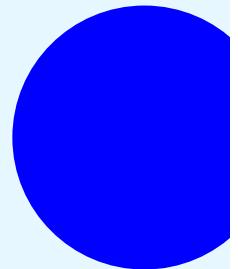
Draw a triangle in each quadrant where sine is positive.



What angle, in degrees, has a sine of $1/2$?

30°

150°



Finding Angles in Radians

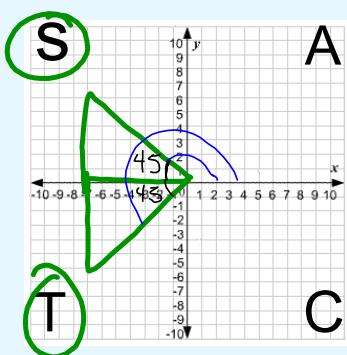
Given the ratio, find the angles in RADIANS.

$$\cos \theta = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$



Where is cosine negative?

II III



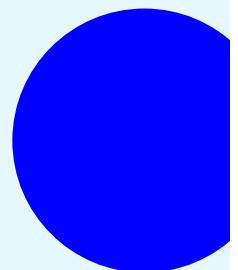
Draw a triangle in each quadrant where cosine is negative.

135°

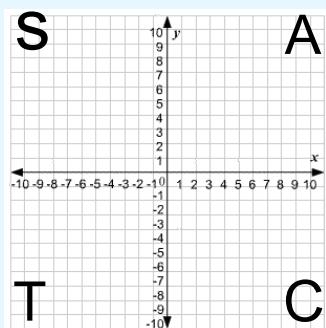
$$\frac{4\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{4\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}}{4}$$

$$\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}$$



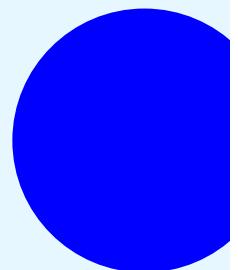
Now you try in radians!



$$\cos \theta = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\tan \theta = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$



HOMEWORK
WB pg 83 - Pt 5 #1-8
both radians and degrees
and
WB pg 84