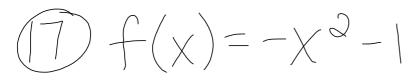
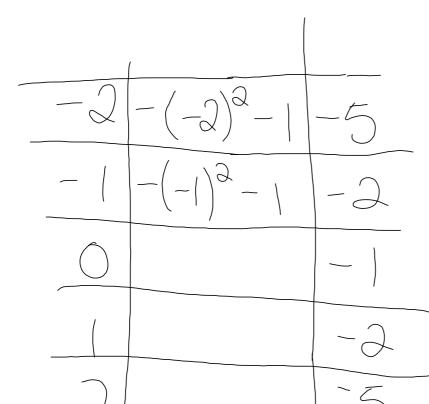
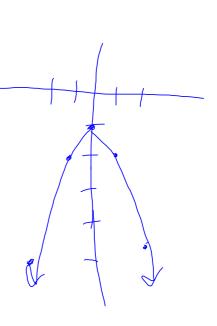


Homework Questions







Homework Quiz

Make a table and graph the following function.

$$y = -2x^2 + 4$$

You have graphed the functions:

$$y = ax^2 \qquad \qquad y = ax^2 + c$$

a: vertical stretch a>1 horizontal stretch O<a<

 $c: \bigwedge$

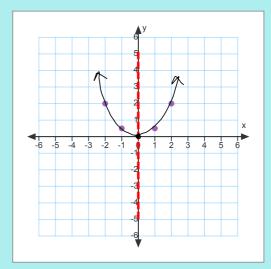
How would we graph the function: $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

The b value is going to effect the axis of symmetry.

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 1$$
 "is there a b value?"

Axis of Symmetry:

$$X = 0$$



The equation for the axis of symmetry

$$AOS = -\frac{b}{2a}$$

Graph the function: $y = x^2 + 6x + 9$ $0 \times 2 + 0 \times + 0$ Step 1: Find the equation of the axis of symmetry.

$$AOS = -\frac{6}{2(1)}$$

$$AOS = -\frac{6}{2}$$

$$AOS = -3$$

$$x = -3$$

Graph the function: $y = x^2 + 6x + 9$

Step 2: Find the vertex by plugging in the AOS.

$$y = (-3)^2 + 6(-3) + 9$$

$$y = 9 - 18 + 9$$

$$y = 0$$

vertex: (-3,0)

Graph the function: $y = x^2 + 6x + 9$

Step 3: Find two other points on the graph.

The first should be the y-intercept The y-intercept is when $x = \bigcirc$

$$y = (0)^{2} + 6(0) + 9$$
$$y = 0 + 9$$
$$y = 9$$
$$(0,9)$$

The last point you will find will be a reflection over the axis of symmetry

